# THIRD QUARTER 

FISCAL 2000


We are proud to present the results of the third quarter ended December 31, 1999. Culinar Inc., which was acquired on September 15, 1999, made a full contribution to these results. Net income increased 32.2 \% compared with the same period last year, reaching $\$ 26.3$ million or $\$ 0.51$ (basic) per share. For fiscal 2000 to date, our net income totals $\$ 71.1$ million, $31.2 \%$ more than the $\$ 54.2$ million posted in the previous fiscal year.

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) for the third quarter amount to $\$ 65.6$ million, an increase of 29.9 \% compared with $\$ 50.5$ million in the same quarter last fiscal year. It should be noted that during the quarter ended December 31, 1999, the average selling price per pound of cheese on the American market fell to its lowest point in six years. At December 31, 1999, the selling price per pound of cheese was US\$1.20, well below the US\$1.47 in effect at September 30, 1999 and the US $\$ 1.33$ at March 31, 1999. As a result, we reflected the drop in inventory value caused by this fluctuation in cheese prices on the US market. This had a direct negative impact of $\$ 3.5$ million on EBITDA for the third quarter of fiscal 2000. Moreover, the selling price of by-products fell $27 \%$ on the international market compared with last year.

Despite these negative factors, the quarter ended December 31, 1999 saw a major increase in earnings compared with last year, a clear demonstration of the success of the Company's ongoing efforts for integration and rationalization in every division.

Revenues amounted to $\$ 497.4$ million this quarter. This $4.8 \%$ drop compared with the same period last year is mainly due to the lower selling price of cheese in the United States.

## Dairy Processing Division

## Canada

Third-quarter revenues rose by $1.7 \%$, or $\$ 2.3$ million, compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. EBITDA was 10.3 \% higher, amounting to $\$ 20$ million. The EBITDA margin grew from $13.6 \%$ in the third quarter of fiscal 1999 to $14.7 \%$ in this third quarter of fiscal 2000. It clearly illustrates the successful integration of the acquisitions completed in September 1998 and the continuous improvement of the Company's operations.

## United States

For the third quarter, revenues amounted to $\$ 296.4$ million, a decrease of $\$ 92.7$ million compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. An amount of $\$ 80$ million of this decline is explained by unfavorable variations
in the selling price of cheese, which fell $34 \%$ compared with the same period last year. The stronger Canadian dollar also had a negative impact of $\$ 13$ million on revenues.

EBITDA for the quarter ended December 31, 1999 was $\$ 36.7$ million, an increase of $13.3 \%$ over the $\$ 32.4$ million of the same period last year. The margin progressed from 8.3\% last year to $12.4 \%$ this year. Lower cheese prices in the third quarter of fiscal 2000 affected EBITDA by nearly $\$ 3.5$ million, given the lower value of inventory. This is a market situation entirely beyond the Company's control. For this third quarter, if we exclude the effects of the variation in cheese prices and the stronger Canadian dollar as well as the lower inventory value already mentioned, the EBITDA margin would be $10.3 \%$.

## Pastry, Cookie, Bread and Soup Division

For its first full quarter, Culinar Inc. contributed to the financial results with sales of $\$ 65.2$ million and EBITDA of $\$ 8.9$ million, representing an EBITDA margin of $13.7 \%$.

Sales remained relatively stable during the three months ended December 31, 1999, compared with Culinar Inc. historical data. Regarding revenues, the Company adopted a presentation of sales figures, net of discounts and
rebates, as opposed to the presentation method used at Culinar Inc. before it was acquired by Saputo Group Inc.

Compared with Culinar Inc. historical data, EBITDA increased slightly during the quarter ended December 31, 1999, a concrete indication of the first rationalization efforts launched since its acquisition. All aspects of this division are currently undergoing analysis, which should be completed in March 2000. We will then develop an action plan aimed at maximizing profitability for the Company in this new sector of activity.

## Cash flow and financial resources

Since the beginning of fiscal 2000, net cash flow generated by operations before net changes in non-cash operating working capital items have amounted to $\$ 126.3$ million, or $\$ 2.55$ per share (basic), an increase of $36.5 \%$ over the $\$ 92.5$ million for the corresponding period in fiscal 1999. Last November the Company issued to private US institutions US $\$ 250$ million in senior notes having an average term of 10.6 years. The proceeds of this issue were used to repay part of the longterm debt. As a result, the Company will benefit from greater financial flexibility, additional sources of financing and advantageous credit conditions.

The balance sheet as at December 31, 1999 shows an excellent financial situation. Working capital is $\$ 146.4$ million
and the debt/capital ratio ${ }^{(1)}$ is 0.48 . Major inflows of funds from our activities are constantly improving our financial situation and allowed the Company to anticipate various capital expenditure projects. For the nine months ended December 31, 1999, additions to fixed assets totaled $\$ 46.4$ million, of which $\$ 44.5$ million were in the dairy processing division. In Canada, the main projects involve upgrading our processes, expanding production capacity at the Saint-Hyacinthe plant and enlarging our head office. In the United States, modernization of our Hinesburg plant accounts for one third of capital expenditures, with the balance devoted to the upgrading of manufacturing processes.

In conclusion, the results for the last quarter, although adversely affected by

LINO SAPUTO
Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

American market conditions, clearly demonstrate the success of our integration process, and also confirm the Company's position as a low-cost producer. The pastry, cookie, bread and soup division is already starting to show the positive effects of the changes made so far and give us a glimpse of the potential of these activities. Finally, the acquisition of Grouse Cayer-J.C.B. Inc., to be completed by the end of February for approximately $\$ 20$ million, will open up a new world of opportunities for the Company, in a market segment that perfectly complements its existing cheese production and distribution activities. It goes without saying that the Company remains on the lookout for potential acquisitions that will allow it to continue in its thrust.
${ }^{(1)}$ Interest bearing debt / Shareholders' equity plus interest bearing debt


CAMILLO LISIO
President and Chief Operating Officer

## Consolidated Statements of Earnings



| P E R S H A R E <br> EARNINGS BEFORE AMORTIZATION <br> OF GOODWILL |
| :--- |
| Basic <br> Diluted |
| NET EARNINGS |
| Basic |
| Diluted |

Selected Segmented Information

| (unaudited) | Quarters ended December 31 |  |  |  | For the nine-month periods ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (in thousonds of dollars) |  | 1999 |  | 1998 |  | 1999 |  | 1998 |
| revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy Processing Division Canada United States | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 135,790 \\ & 296,412 \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 133,515 \\ 389,099 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 400,412 \\ 927,608 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 379,026 \\ 1,031,510 \end{array}$ |
| Pastry, Cookie, Bread and Soup Division |  | 432,202 |  | 522,614 |  | 1,328,020 |  | 1,410,536 |
|  |  | 65,189 |  | - |  | 79,333 |  | - |
|  | \$ | 497,391 | \$ | 522,614 |  | \$ 1,407,353 |  | \$ 1,410,536 |
| EARNINGS BEFORE DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION OF GOODWILL, INTEREST AND INCOME TAXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy Processing Division Canada United States | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,013 \\ & 36,678 \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,145 \\ & 32,378 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 58,444 \\ 102,524 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 54,060 \\ \\ 86,530 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 56,691 |  | 50,523 |  | 160,968 |  | 140,590 |
| Pastry, Cookie, Bread and Soup Division |  | 8,876 |  | - |  | 10,369 |  | - |
|  | \$ | 65,567 | \$ | 50,523 |  | \$ 171,337 |  | \$ 140,590 |
| DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION OF ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy Processing Division <br> Canada <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States |  | 6,108 |  | 6,757 |  | 17,857 |  | 17,785 |
|  |  | 8,538 |  | 8,860 |  | 24,839 |  | 23,847 |
| Pastry, Cookie, Bread and Soup Division |  | 2,239 |  | - |  | 2,717 |  | - |
|  | \$ | 10,777 | \$ | 8,860 |  | \$ 27,556 |  | \$ 23,847 |
| OPERATING income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy Processing Division Canada United States | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17,583 \\ 30,570 \end{array}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,046 \\ & 25,617 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 51,462 \\ & 84,667 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 77,998 \\ 68,745 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 48,153 |  | 41,663 |  | 136,129 |  | 116,743 |
| Pastry, Cookie, Bread and Soup Division |  | 6,637 |  | - |  | 7,652 |  | - |
|  | \$ | 54,790 | \$ | 41,663 | \$ | \$ 143,781 |  | \$ 116,743 |
| depreciation of goodwill |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy Processing Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States |  | 1,681 |  | 1,604 |  | 5,059 |  | 4,684 |
|  |  | 1,849 |  | 1,804 |  | 5,526 |  | 4,976 |
| Pastry, Cookie, Bread and Soup Division |  | 1,288 |  | - |  | 1,550 |  | - |
|  | \$ | 3,137 | \$ | 1,804 | \$ | \$ 7,076 |  | \$ 4,976 |
| NET ADDITIONS TO FIXED ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy Processing Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States |  | 7,775 |  | 11,485 |  | 33,001 |  | 29,311 |
|  |  | 10,806 |  | 14,841 |  | 44,541 |  | 37,828 |
| Pastry, Cookie, Bread and Soup Division |  | 1,499 |  | - |  | 1,829 |  | - |
|  | \$ | 12,305 | \$ | 14,841 | \$ | \$ 46,370 |  | \$ 37,828 |

Consolidated Cash Flow Statements


| (unaudited) | As at December 31 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| (In thousands of dollars) | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 1998 |
| A S S E T S |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Current assets | $\mathbf{3 9 0}$ |  |
| Fixed assets | $\mathbf{4 8 8 , 5 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 9 , 7 5 5}$ |
| Goodwill | 409,977 |  |
| Other assets | $\mathbf{4 7 3 , 6 9 6}$ | 267,062 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 0 , 4 3 9}$ | 5,862 |
|  | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 6 2 , 8 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 1 0 2 , 6 5 6}$ |

LIABILITIES

| Current liabilities <br> Long-term debt <br> Deferred income taxes | $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 3 , 8 2 0}$ | $\$ 302,476$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{4 7 1 , 4 9 1}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{4 6 , 3 1 1}$ | 355,710 |  |
| 13,291 |  |  |
| S H A R E H O L D E R S ' E Q U I T Y | $\mathbf{7 6 1 , 6 2 2}$ | 671,477 |
|  | $\mathbf{6 0 1 , 2 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 3 1 , 1 7 9}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 6 2 , 8 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 1 0 2 , 6 5 6}$ |



